

Wissenschaftliche Literatur zum Einsatz von Cannabis

Übelkeit und Erbrechen	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Meiri E, Jhangiani H, Vredenburg JJ, Barbato LM, Carter FJ, Yang HM, Baranowski V. Efficacy of dronabinol alone and in combination with ondansetron versus ondansetron alone for delayed chemotherapy-induced nausea and vomiting. <i>Curr Med Res Opin</i> 2007;23(3):533-43. 2. Dalzell AM, Bartlett H, Lilleyman JS: Nabilone: An alternative antiemetic for cancer chemotherapy. <i>Arch Dis Child</i> 1986; 61:502-5. 3. Tramèr MR, Carroll D, Campbell FA, Reynolds DJ, Moore RA, McQuay HJ.: Cannabinoids for control of chemotherapy induced nausea and vomiting: quantitative systematic review. <i>BMJ</i>. 2001 Jul 7;323(7303):16-21. 4. Gonzalez-Rosales F, Walsh D.: Intractable nausea and vomiting due to gastrointestinal mucosal metastases relieved by tetrahydrocannabinol (dronabinol). <i>J Pain Sympto Manage</i>. 1997 Nov;14(5):311-4.
Appetit-verlust Gewichtsverlust	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Jatoi A, Windschitl HE, Loprinzi CL, Sloan JA, Dakhil SR, Mailliard JA, Pundaleeka S, Kardinal CG, Fitch TR, Krook JE, Novotny PJ, Christensen B. Dronabinol versus megestrol acetate versus combination therapy for cancer-associated anorexia: a North Central Cancer Treatment Group study. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> 2002;20(2):567-573. 2. Brisbois et al.: Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol may palliate altered chemosensory perception in cancer patients: results of a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled pilot trial. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> 22 (2011) 2086-93
Spastik	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hagenbach U, Luz S, Ghafoor N, Berger JM, Grotenhermen F, Brenneisen R, Mäder M.: The treatment of spasticity with Delta9-tetrahydrocannabinol in persons with spinal cord injury. <i>Spinal Cord</i> 2007;45(8):551-62. 2. Wade DT, Robson P, House H, Makela P, Aram J. A preliminary controlled study to determine whether whole-plant cannabis extracts can improve intractable neurogenic symptoms. <i>Clinical Rehabilitation</i> 2003;17:18-26.
Chron. Neuropathische Schmerzen	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Berman JS, Symonds C, Birch R. Efficacy of two cannabis based medicinal extracts for relief of central neuropathic pain from brachial plexus avulsion: results of a randomised controlled trial. <i>Pain</i> 2004;112(3):299-306. 2. Rog DJ, Nurmikko TJ, Friede T, Young CA. Randomized, controlled trial of cannabis-based medicine in central pain in multiple sclerosis. <i>Neurology</i> 2005;65(6):812-9. 3. Clermont-Gnamien S, Atlani S, Attal N, Le MF, Guirimand F, Brasseur L. [The therapeutic use of D9-tetrahydrocannabinol (dronabinol) in refractory neuropathic pain.] <i>Presse Med</i> 2002;31:1840-5. 4. Bestard JA, Toth CC.: An open-label comparison of nabilone and gabapentin as adjuvant therapy or monotherapy in the management of neuropathic pain in patients with peripheral neuropathy. <i>Pain Pract</i>. 2011 Jul-Aug;11(4):353-68. doi: 10.1111/j.1533-2500.2010.00427.x. Epub 2010 Nov 18.
Tumorschmerz	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Johnson JR, Burnell-Nugent M, Lossignol D, Ganae-Motan ED, Potts R, Fallon MT. Multicenter, Double-Blind, Randomized, Placebo Controlled, Parallel Group Study of the Efficacy, Safety, and Tolerability of THC:CBD Extract and THC Extract in Patients With Intractable Cancer Related Pain. <i>J Pain Symptom Manage</i> 2010;39(2):167-79.
Rheumatische Schmerzen	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Blake DR, Robson P, Ho M, Jubb RW, McCabe CS: Preliminary assessment of the efficacy, tolerability and safety of a cannabis based medicine (Sativex) in the treatment of pain caused by rheumatoid arthritis. <i>Rheumatology (Oxford)</i> 2006;45(1):50-2.
Fibromyalgie	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Skrabek RQ, Galimova L, Ethans K, Perry D.: Nabilone for the treatment of pain in fibromyalgia. <i>J Pain</i> 2008;9(2):164 -73. 2. Ware MA, Fitzcharles MA, Joseph L, Shir Y. The effects of nabilone on sleep in fibromyalgia: results of a randomized controlled trial. <i>Anesth Analg</i> 2010;110(2):604-10.
Zentrales Schmerzsyndrom/MS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Kristina B Svendsen, Troels S Jensen, Flemming W Bach: Does the cannabinoid dronabinol reduce central pain in multiple sclerosis? Randomised double blind placebo controlled crossover trial. <i>BMJ</i>, doi:10.1136/bmj.38149.566979.AE (published 16 July 2004) 2. Wade DT, Makela PM, House H, Bateman C, Robson P: Longterm use of a

	cannabis-based medicine in the treatment of spasticity and other symptoms in multiple sclerosis. Mult Scler 2006; 12: 639–45.
Chronische Schmerzen allgemein	1. Narang S, Gibson D, Wasan AD, et al.: Efficacy of dronabinol as an adjuvant treatment for chronic pain patients on opioid therapy. J Pain 2008; 9: 254–64.